

Functions and Symptoms of Deficiency of Micronutrients in Soybeans

Boron (B)

Helps maintain and regulate other nutrients
Aids production of sugar and carbohydrates
Essential for seed development and cell wall formation
Essential in germination of pollen grains and growth of pollen tubes
Promotes maturity
Affects nitrogen and carbohydrate ratio

Deficiency Symptoms

Yellowing, death of growing point, deformed leaves with discolored areas
Photo Credit-www.extension.org



Copper (Cu)

Important for reproductive growth
Aids in root metabolism and helps in the utilization of proteins
Catalyzes several plant processes
Major function in photosynthesis
Major function in reproductive stages
Increases sugar content
Intensifies color

Deficiency Symptoms

Light yellowing, leaf tips turn brown and sometimes twisted, young leaves looked wilted

Chloride (Cl)

Aids plant metabolism

Deficiency Symptoms

Yellowing and wilting of young leaves

Iron (Fe)

Essential for formation of chlorophyll
Sources of iron are the soil, iron sulfate, iron chelate
Promotes formation of chlorophyll
Acts as an oxygen carrier

Deficiency Symptoms

Yellowing between the veins of new leaves
Photo Credit-<http://cropwatch.unl.edu/soils/soybean-nutrients>



Manganese (Mn)

Functions with enzyme systems involved in breakdown of carbohydrates, and nitrogen metabolism

Functions as a part of certain enzyme systems

Aids in chlorophyll synthesis

Increases the availability of P and CA

Deficiency Symptoms

Yellowing between the veins of new leaves (similar to iron deficiency)

Photo Credit-<http://cropwatch.unl.edu/soils/soybean-nutrients>



Molybdenum (Mo)

Helps in the use of nitrogen

Required to develop "nitrate reductase" which converts nitrates to ammonium

Important in the formation of legume nodules

Deficiency Symptoms

Very similar to nitrogen deficiency – yellowing of young plants, yellowing of oldest leaves

Photo Credit-www.agprofessional.com



Zinc (Zn)

Regulates consumption of sugars

Part of the enzyme systems which regulate plant growth

Aids plant growth hormones and enzyme system

Necessary for chlorophyll production

Necessary for starch formation

Aids in seed formation

Deficiency Symptoms

Shorter growth with reduced internode length, new leaves are smaller

Photo Credit-<http://cropwatch.unl.edu/soils/soybean-nutrients>

